

BANYAN GOLD CORP.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

Background

This discussion and analysis of financial position and results of operations is prepared as at January 23, 2026 and should be read in conjunction with the year-end financial statements and the accompanying notes for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025 for Banyan Gold Corp. (the “**Corporation**”, “**Company**”, “**Issuer**” or “**Banyan**”). The financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared using accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards (“**IFRS**”). Except as otherwise disclosed, all dollar figures included therein and in the following Management Discussion and Analysis (“**MD&A**”) are quoted in Canadian dollars.

This MD&A contains “forward-looking statements” that are subject to risk factors set out in the cautionary statement below. Additional information relevant to the Company’s activities can be found on SEDAR at www.sedarplus.ca and at www.banyangold.com.

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Certain sections of this MD&A provide, or may appear to provide, a forward-looking orientation with respect to the Company’s activities and its future results. Consequently, certain statements contained in this MD&A constitute expressed or implied forward-looking statements. Terms including, but not limited to, “anticipate”, “estimate”, “believe” and “expect” may identify forward-looking statements. Forward looking statements, while they are based on the current knowledge and assumptions of the Company’s management, are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause or contribute to the actual results being materially different than those expressed or implied. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statement that may be in this MD&A. Except as required by applicable securities legislation, we assume no obligation to update publicly or revise any forward-looking statements to reflect subsequent information, events, or circumstances.

Forward looking statements that have been made in this MD&A include:

- Plans for exploration of the Company’s exploration and evaluation assets;
- Impairment of long-lived assets;
- The progress, potential and uncertainties of the Company’s exploration and evaluation assets in Canada (Yukon);
- References to future commodity prices;
- Estimates or statements with respect to future activities;
- Estimates of how long the Company expects its working capital to last;
- Expectations regarding the ability to raise capital and to continue its exploration and development plans on its properties; and
- Management expectations of future results.

Company Overview

The Company was incorporated by a Certificate of Incorporation issued pursuant to the provisions of the Alberta Corporations Act (“**ABCA**”) on July 26, 2010 under the name Banyan Coast Capital Corp, which was subsequently changed to Banyan Gold Corp under a certificate of amendment on February 14, 2013. On November 24, 2010, the Company became a reporting issuer in the Provinces of British Columbia, Alberta, Saskatchewan and Ontario.

Banyan completed its IPO and commenced trading on January 27, 2011 on the TSX Venture Exchange and trades under the symbol BYN.

Banyan is in the business of exploration and development of mineral properties. The Company currently holds three main projects in the mining friendly Yukon Territory.

AurMac Project

The Company's flagship asset is the AurMac Project located in the Mayo Mining District.

The Corporation has earned a 100% interest in each of the Aurex Property and McQuesten Property subject to certain royalties. The original Aurex and McQuesten gold properties which make up AurMac are contiguous, comprising 8,230 hectares and approximately 1,000 hectares and are both highly prospective for intrusive-related gold mineralization, and include areas of historic gold production (lode and placer), in the prolific Mayo Mining District, Yukon Territory. The Company has staked additional 100% owned claims (AurMac Extension) around the original properties and has brought the AurMac project up to approximately 303 square kilometres ("**km²**") in size.

An updated NI 43-101 Mineral Resource Estimate ("MRE") for the AurMac Project was prepared by Marc Jutras of Ginto Consulting Inc. with an effective date of June 28, 2025 and filed on Sedarplus.ca on August 20, 2025 (see Resource Update – AurMac below).

Nitra Claims

The Nitra Claims are comprised of 1,819 claims covering 313 km². They begin approximately five km to the west of the AurMac Project and are 100% owned with no underlying royalties.

Hyland Gold Project

The Corporation's other major asset is the 100% owned Hyland Gold Project located in the Watson Lake mining district approximately 74 km northeast of the town of Watson Lake. Hyland consist of 927 claims totaling over 18,620 hectares. Allan Armitage, Ph.D., P.Geo. of SGS Geological Services completed a MRE with an effective date of September 1, 2025.

CORPORATE RESULTS

Results of Operations

2025 was a pivotal year for Banyan Gold, highlighted by the continued success at our AurMac Project, which has become one of North America's largest undeveloped gold resources. Through targeted exploration, strategic capital deployment, and a growing technical understanding of our projects, Banyan made significant progress toward unlocking the potential of AurMac and building a district-scale gold and silver asset.

AurMac

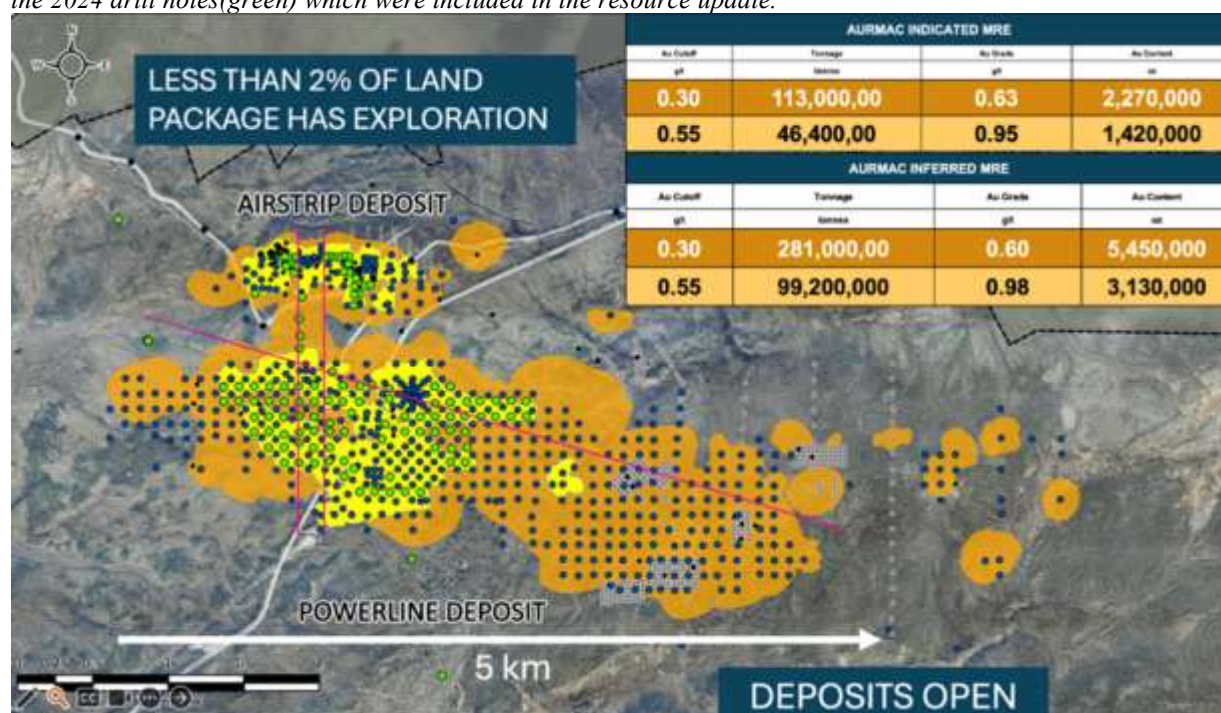
Banyan achieved a major milestone with the announcement of its first Indicated Minerals incorporating an additional 21,000 metres ("m") from 118 diamond drillholes in 2024.

Deposit	Gold Cut-Off (g/t)	Tonnage (M Tonnes)	Average Gold Grade (g/t)	Contained Gold (Moz)
Indicated MRE				
Airstrip	0.30	27.7	0.69	0.611
Powerline	0.30	84.8	0.61	1.663
Total Combined Indicated MRE	0.30	112.5	0.63	2.274
Inferred MRE				
Airstrip	0.30	10.1	0.75	0.245
Powerline	0.30	270.4	0.60	5.208
Total Combined Inferred MRE	0.30	280.6	0.60	5.453

Notes to Table 1:

1. The effective date for the MRE is June 28, 2025, and was prepared by Marc Jutras, P.Eng., M.A.Sc., Principal, Ginto Consulting Inc., an independent "Qualified Person" within the meaning of NI 43-101.
2. Mineral Resources, which are not Mineral Reserves, do not have demonstrated economic viability. The estimate of Mineral Resources may be materially affected by environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, sociopolitical, marketing, changes in global gold markets or other relevant issues.
3. The CIM Definition Standards were followed for classification of Mineral Resources. The quantity and grade of reported Inferred Mineral Resources in this estimation are uncertain in nature and there has been insufficient exploration to define these Inferred Mineral Resources as an Indicated Mineral Resource.
4. Mineral Resources are reported at a cut-off grade of 0.30 g/t gold for all deposits, using a US\$/CAN\$ exchange rate of 0.73 and constrained within an open pit shell optimized with the Lerchs-Grossman algorithm to constrain the Mineral Resources with the following estimated parameters: gold price of US\$2,050/ounce, US\$2.50/t mining cost, US\$10.00/t processing cost, US\$2.00/t G+A, 90% gold recoveries, and 45° pit slopes.¹
5. The number of tonnes and ounces was rounded to the nearest thousand. Any discrepancies in the totals are due to rounding effects.

Figure 1: AurMac Map showing 2025 Resource at 0.3 cut off, and at the 0.55 cut off. Map shows historic holes and the 2024 drill holes(green) which were included in the resource update.



The Company carried out the biggest drill program in its' history with a 178 hole, 42,700 metre program which completed after year end in November. The program was designed to expand resources, test new conceptual targets, and improve confidence in grade continuity across the Powerline–Airstrip deposits.

Drilling focused on these primary objectives:

- Further defining and expanding mineralization at the Powerline and Airstrip deposits, including some significant (300 to 900m) step-outs to test proximal targets from geophysics and soil anomalies.
- Infill drilling to target resource update and conversion of waste rock to resource
- Targeted drilling to continue to define higher-grade zones

Results throughout the year consistently reinforced the strength of the AurMac Resource. At Powerline, drilling continued to extend mineralization beyond the existing resource shell, both laterally and at depth (Above Figure 1). Highlights included broad zones of near-surface gold mineralization with higher-grade cores, such as:

¹ The gold price and cost assumptions are consistent with current pricing assumptions and costs and, in particular, with those employed for recent technical reports for similar pit-constrained Yukon gold projects.

1.21 g/t Au over 79.0 metres, including 2.63 g/t Au over 18.0 metres
1.48 g/t Au over 52.4 metres within a broader mineralized envelope

Overall, the results confirmed the presence of multiple high-grade domains within a large, bulk tonnage system, improved confidence in geological continuity and that the deposit remains open to continued expansion. At Airstrip, drilling delivered high-grade gold intervals near-surface over appreciable widths, reinforcing the potential for high-grade starter pits and continued resource expansion. Notable intercepts included:

3.66 g/t Au over 17.6 metres
1.10 g/t Au over 86.2 metres, including higher-grade intervals

Drilling in the gap between the two deposits intersected gold mineralization across wide intervals and indicated there may be another E-W trending high-grade domain between the two deposits that is yet to be drilled. These results strengthened confidence that significant mineralization exists between the current footprints of the Powerline and Airstrip Deposits and the conceptual pits can be linked.

Hyland

Banyan released an updated pit-constrained MRE post year end on October 27, 2025, however the effective date is September 1, 2025.

Table 1: Pit-Constrained Indicated and Inferred Mineral Resources – Hyland Project

Cut-off Grade (AuEq g/t)	Tonnes	Au		Ag		AuEq	
		Grade (g/t)	Ozs	Grade (g/t)	Ozs	Grade (g/t)	Ozs
Indicated							
0.5	11,272,000	0.93	337,000	7.27	2,634,000	1.02	368,000
Inferred							
0.5	3,865,000	0.95	118,000	6.94	863,000	1.03	128,000

Hyland Gold Project Main Zone Mineral Resource Estimate Notes:

1. The effective date of the Hyland Mineral Resource Estimate is September 1, 2025.
2. The mineral resource was estimated by Allan Armitage, Ph.D., P.Geo. of SGS Geological Services who is an independent Qualified Person as defined by NI 43-101.
3. The classification of the current Mineral Resource Estimate into Indicated and Inferred mineral resources is consistent with current 2014 CIM Definition Standards - For Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves.
4. All figures are rounded to reflect the relative accuracy of the estimate and numbers may not add due to rounding.
5. The mineral resources are presented undiluted and in situ, constrained by a continuous 3D wireframe model, and is considered to have reasonable prospects for eventual economic extraction.
6. Mineral resources which are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. An Inferred Mineral Resource has a lower level of confidence than that applying to an Indicated Mineral Resource and must not be converted to a Mineral Reserve.
7. The Hyland mineral resource estimate is based on a validated database which includes data from surface trenching, and surface diamond and RC drilling completed between 1987 and 2018.
8. The MRE for Hyland is based on one three-dimensional ("3D") resource model representing the deposit.
9. Grades for Au and Ag were estimated for each mineralization domain using 1.5 metre drill core and 2.0 metre channel composites assigned to that domain. To generate grade within the blocks, the inverse distance cubed (ID2) interpolation method was used. An average SG value of 3.04 was used for tonnage calculation.
10. Based on the location, surface exposure, size, shape, general true thickness, and orientation, it is envisioned that Hyland may be mined using open-pit mining methods. In-pit mineral resources are reported at a base case cut-off grade of 0.5 g/t AuEq. The in-pit resource grade blocks are quantified above the base case cut-off grade, above the constraining pit shell, below topography and within the constraining mineralized domain (the constraining volume).
11. The pit optimization and base-case cut-off grade consider a gold price of US\$2,400/oz and a silver price of US\$28 /oz and considers a gold recovery of 92% and silver recovery of 70%. The pit optimization and base case cut-off grade also

considers a mining cost of US\$2.40/t mined, pit slope of 55° degrees, and processing, treatment, refining, G&A and transportation cost of US\$19.50/t of mineralized material.

12. The results from the pit optimization, using the pseudoflow optimization method in Whittle 2022, are used solely for the purpose of testing the "reasonable prospects for economic extraction" by an open pit and do not represent an attempt to estimate mineral reserves. There are no mineral reserves on the Project. The results are used simply as a guide to assist in the preparation of a mineral resource statement and to select an appropriate resource reporting cut-off grade. A Whittle pit shell at a revenue factor of 1.00 was selected as the ultimate pit shell for the purposes of the current MRE.
13. The estimate of Mineral Resources may be materially affected by environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, socio-political, marketing, or other relevant issues.

The Hyland main zone resource remains open to expansion, and with the 186 sq. km land package, with numbers additional undrilled targets along the 18km of structural trend there is plenty of upside potential.

Nitra

At the beginning of the fiscal year the Company completed a Z-axis Tipper Electromagnetic ("ZTEM") geophysical survey on the Company's AurMac and Nitra Projects. This was followed up with extensive soil sampling on Nitra. Together, the results are expected to be used in an exploration drill program in spring/summer of 2006.

Management & Staff Additions

Banyan Gold strengthened its technical capabilities with the strategic appointment of Duncan MacKay, P.Geo., as Vice President of Exploration, bringing over 15 years of experience in geological modelling, exploration target generation, and drill program leadership to the Company's flagship AurMac project. Alongside this key leadership hire, the Company also added seasoned professionals to critical technical roles — including Kate Hudek as Database/GIS Manager, Keagan Parry and Hannah Cavallin as Senior Geologists, and Frank Wright as an Independent Advisor on Metallurgy — broadening its expertise across data management, geological interpretation, field execution, and process optimization.

Qualified Person

The property disclosure content of this report was prepared under the supervision of Duncan Mackay, M.Sc., P.Geo., a "**Qualified Person**" as defined under National Instrument 43-101, Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects ("**NI 43-101**"). Mr. Mackay is Vice President Exploration for Banyan.

Corporate

On October 20, 2025, the Corporation held its Annual General & Special Meeting of Shareholders. At the meeting, the following matters were approved:

- i. Setting the number of directors at five;
- ii. The proposed slate of five directors, namely: Tara Christie, David Reid, Steve Burleton, Hayley Halsall-Whitney and Marc Blythe;
- iii. The appointment De Visser Gray LLP, Chartered Professional Accountants as the Company's auditor; and
- iv. The renewal of the Corporation's Stock Option Plan.

Financing

On March 14, 2025, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement financing of \$14,497,350 (see note under Financing Activities). On September 30, 2025, the Company had a remaining flow-through spending obligations of \$5,488,130, which will be required to be spent on "**qualifying expenditures**" under the Canadian tax act by December 31, 2026.

Analysis of Property Expenditures:

	AurMac	AurMac Extension	Nitra	Hyland	Total
Balance, September 30, 2023	\$ 44,350,275	\$ 92,010	\$ 694,035	\$ 3,909,769	\$ 49,046,089
Acquisition costs	600,000	41,475	-	-	641,475
Government grants received	-	-	(50,000)	0	(50,000)
Exploration expenditures	8,079,540	26,759	94,570	2,132	8,203,001
Balance, September 30, 2024	\$ 53,029,815	\$ 160,244	\$ 738,605	\$ 3,911,901	\$ 57,840,565
Acquisition costs	3,632,000	48,922	88,923	-	3,769,845
Government grants received	-	-	(50,000)	-	(50,000)
Exploration expenditures	14,658,138	417,572	150,572	25,118	15,251,400
Balance, September 30, 2025	\$ 71,319,953	\$ 626,738	\$ 928,100	\$ 3,937,019	\$ 76,811,810
Total grants capitalized	\$ (120,000)	\$ -	\$ (230,000)	\$ (162,965)	\$ (512,965)

Selected Financial Information

The following selected financial information is derived from the audited financial statements of the Company prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

Fiscal Quarters of the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2025

All in \$ Cdn	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
Operations				
Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Comprehensive (loss)/income	(719,854)	(529,806)	(880,511)	615,746
Loss Per Share – Basic & Fully Diluted	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
Balance Sheet				
Available Working Capital	9,772,811	22,561,914	16,023,135	6,112,892

Fiscal Quarters of the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2024

All in \$ Cdn	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
Operations				
Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Comprehensive (loss)/income	(1,112,393)	(305,920)	(1,282,706)	(1,581,528)
Loss Per Share – Basic & Fully Diluted	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.01)
Balance Sheet				
Available Working Capital	6,086,073	5,254,568	17,368,551	12,010,343

Fiscal Quarters of the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

All in \$ Cdn	First Quarter ¹	Second Quarter ¹	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
Operations				
Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Comprehensive (loss)/income	(477,707)	(295,980)	(948,799)	2,090,395
Loss Per Share – Basic & Fully Diluted	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
Balance Sheet				
Available Working Capital	18,589,097	15,639,727	10,503,421	7,859,004

Results of Operations

During the year ended September 30, 2025, the Company recorded a net loss of (\$1,514,425) vs a loss of (\$4,282,547) during the prior year ended September 30, 2024.

Major Variances

General and Administration Expenses. A decrease of \$660,135 in the current year to \$1,276,352 over the prior year's total of \$1,936,487. This decrease is largely driven by decreases in marketing (\$450,596 decrease) and a prior year write-off of \$245,789 to bad debt for Victoria Gold receivables. For further details in this category see "Additional Disclosure for General & Administrative Costs" below.

Management Fees. Management fees rose in the current year to \$1,081,351 vs. \$892,128 in the prior year reflecting bonuses, director pay and additional activities on the corporate level to support additional staffing, drilling and fundraising.

Rental Revenue. The Corporation was able to partially offset increased cost by billing \$453,981 vs. \$1,671,800 in the prior year for the rental of camp facilities to third parties. While rentals will continue during F2026 they are will be at a reduced amount as the Corporation will have limited excess capacity with this upcoming years exploration program.

Deferred Income Tax. The current year net amount is deferred income tax expense of \$1,403,426 vs. an expense of \$2,793,154 in the prior year following tax adjustments (please refer to note 9 in the September 30, 2025 Financial Statements).

Recovery of Premium on Flow-Through Shares. The Current year amount recovery is \$3,416,270 vs. a recovery of \$1,259,903 in the prior year reflecting the amount of flow through obligations met.

Additional Disclosure for General and Administration Expenses

Since the Corporation has no revenue from operations, the following is a breakdown of general and admin expenses and material costs incurred in the last two fiscal periods:

General and Administration Expenses	Fiscal Year End September 30, 2025	Fiscal Year End September 30, 2024
Marketing	451,291	901,888
Payroll	228,512	93,307
Travel	214,184	150,822
Amortization	116,006	135,803
Insurance	81,203	52,713
Office Supplies	65,029	32,283
Rent	47,729	47,644
Transfer Agent Fees	19,600	51,772
Shareholder Com – AGM	17,325	16,074
Other	10,746	15,318
S/W Licenses	10,678	69,316
Training	7,255	781
Telephone	3,750	3,732
Interest & Bank Charges	3,044	3,560
Bad Debts	-	245,789
Flow through tax	-	115,685

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The accompanying audited financial statements are presented on a going concern basis, which assumes the Company will continue to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations.

The Company does not generate cash flows from operations and has, therefore, relied principally on the issuance of equity securities to finance its operation activities to the extent that such instruments are issuable under terms acceptable to the Company.

If future financing is unavailable, the Company may not be able to meet its ongoing obligations, in which case the realizable values of its assets may decline materially from current estimates. The financial statements do not include any adjustments to the amounts and classification of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue operations.

From inception to September 30, 2025, the Company raised gross proceeds of \$125,435,139 from the sale of its common shares.

As at September 30, 2025, the Company had working capital of \$4,544,855 (2024 – \$10,450,747) which will be sufficient to fund the Company's going concern obligations through fiscal 2025. Please see "**subsequent events**".

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

None

Proposed Transactions

None

Transactions with Related Parties

During the years ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, the Company paid the following compensation to key management personnel (Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and directors):

	Year ended	
	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024
Management fees and bonuses	\$ 979,751	\$ 826,503
Director fees	87,000	65,625
Stock-based compensation	763,585	146,979
	<u>\$ 1,830,336</u>	<u>\$ 1,039,107</u>

During the year ended September 30, 2025, the Company incurred \$627,001 (2024 - \$534,003) in management fees and bonuses earned by the Company's Chief Executive Officer, accrued or paid to a Company controlled by the Company's Chief Executive Officer.

During the year ended September 30, 2025, the Company incurred \$352,750 (2024 - \$292,500) in management fees and bonuses earned by the Company's Chief Financial Officer, accrued or paid to a Company controlled by the Company's Chief Financial Officer.

During the year ended September 30, 2025, the Company incurred \$74,800 (2024 - \$Nil) in equipment rental costs paid to a company part-owned by the Company's Chief Executive Officer.

During the year ended September 30, 2025, the Company recognized \$763,585 (2024 - \$146,979) in stock-based compensation expense related to the vesting of options granted to related parties.

As of September 30, 2025, \$162,071 (2024 - \$58,210) was payable to related parties for expenses and management fees.

These transactions are conducted in the ordinary course of the Company's business at amounts and on terms as agreed upon by the related parties.

Critical Judgments and Accounting Estimates

These financial statements, including comparatives have been prepared using accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial instruments classified as financial instruments at fair value through profit and loss, which are stated at their fair value. In addition, these financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow information.

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Significant assumptions about the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty that management has made at the end of the reporting period, that could result in a material adjustment to the carry amounts of assets and liabilities in the event that actual results differ from assumptions made, relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

- i) the recoverability of receivables which are included in the statements of financial position;
- ii) the inputs used in accounting for stock-based compensation expense, which are included in the statement of operations;
- iii) recoverability of future income tax asset;
- iv) recoverability of exploration and evaluation expense asset;
- v) the valuation of the rehabilitation provision; and
- vi) the valuation of share-based payments transactions.

The Company's significant accounting policies are detailed in Note 3 to the Annual Financial Statements.

New Standards and Interpretations

There were no new standards applicable to the Corporation during the year ended September 30, 2025.

IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

The International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) issued IFRS 18 in April 2024, which sets out new requirements for the presentation and disclosure of financial statements. IFRS 18 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027, with earlier application permitted. The Company is currently assessing the potential impact of IFRS 18 on its financial statements. The standard introduces significant changes, including mandatory sub-totals in the statement of profit or loss, and new requirements for the aggregation and disaggregation of information. The Company expects that the adoption of IFRS 18 will result in more detailed and transparent financial reporting.

Risks and Uncertainties

The Company's financial performance is likely to be subject to the following risks:

There is no history of business or mining operations, revenue generation or production history. The Issuer was incorporated on July 26, 2010 and has yet to generate a profit from its activities. The Issuer will be subject to all of the business risks and uncertainties associated with any new business enterprise, including the risk that it will not achieve its growth objective. The Issuer anticipates that it may take several years to achieve positive cash flow from operations.

Exploration, Development and Operating Risks

The exploration for and development of minerals involves significant risks, which even a combination of careful evaluation, experience and knowledge may not eliminate. Few properties which are explored are ultimately developed into producing mines. There can be no guarantee that the estimates of quantities and qualities of minerals disclosed will be economically recoverable. With all mining operations there is uncertainty and, therefore, risk associated with operating parameters and costs resulting from the scaling up of extraction methods tested in pilot conditions. Mineral exploration is speculative in nature and there can be no assurance that any minerals discovered will result in an increase in the Issuer's resource base.

The Issuer's operations will be subject to all of the hazards and risks normally encountered in the exploration, development and production of minerals. These include unusual and unexpected geological formations, rock falls, seismic activity, flooding and other conditions involved in the extraction of material, any of which could result in damage to, or destruction of, mines and other producing facilities, damage to life or property, environmental damage and possible legal liability. Although precautions to minimize risk will be taken, operations are subject to hazards that may result in environmental pollution, and consequent liability that could have a material adverse impact on the business, operations and financial performance of the Issuer.

Substantial Capital Requirements and Liquidity

Substantial additional funds for the establishment of the Issuer's current and planned exploration program and potential mining operations will be required. No assurances can be given that the Issuer will be able to raise the additional funding that may be required for such activities, should such funding not be fully generated from operations, mineral prices, environmental rehabilitation or restitution. Revenues, taxes, transportation costs, capital expenditures and operating expenses and geological results are all factors which will have an impact on the amount of additional capital that may be required. To meet such funding requirements, the Issuer may be required to undertake additional equity financing, which would be dilutive to shareholders. Debt financing, if available, may also involve restrictions on financing and operating activities. There is no assurance that additional financing will be available on terms acceptable to the Issuer or at all.

If the Company is unable to obtain additional financing as needed, it may be required to reduce the scope of its operations or anticipated expansion, and pursue only those development plans that can be funded through cash flows generated from its existing operations.

Fluctuating Mineral Prices

The economics of mineral exploration is affected by many factors beyond the Issuer's control including, commodity prices, the cost of operations, variations in the grade of minerals explored and fluctuations in the market price of minerals. Depending on the price of minerals, it may be determined that it is impractical to continue the mineral exploration operation.

Mineral prices are prone to fluctuations and the marketability of minerals is affected by government regulation relating to price, royalties, allowable production and the importing and exporting of minerals, the effect of which cannot be

accurately predicted. There is no assurance that a profitable market will exist for the sale of any minerals found on the Property(ies).

Financing Risks and Dilution to Shareholders

The Issuer has limited financial resources. If the Issuer's exploration programs on the Property are successful, additional funds will be required for the purposes of further exploration and development. There can be no assurance that the Issuer will be able to obtain adequate financing in the future or that such financing will be available on favourable terms or at all. It is likely such additional capital will be raised through the issuance of additional equity which will result in dilution to the Issuer's shareholders.

Requirement for Permits and Licenses

A substantial number of additional permits and licenses may be required should the Issuer proceed beyond exploration; such licenses and permits may be difficult to obtain and may be subject to changes in regulations and in various operational circumstances. It is uncertain whether the Issuer will be able to obtain all such licenses and permits.

Competition

There is competition within the mining industry for the discovery and acquisition of properties considered to have commercial potential. The Issuer will compete with other mining companies, many of which have greater financial, technical and other resources than the Issuer, for, among other things, the acquisition of minerals claims, leases and other mineral interests, as well as for the recruitment and retention of qualified employees and other personnel.

Reliance on Management and Dependence on Key Personnel

The success of the Issuer is currently largely dependent upon the performance of its directors and officers and the ability to attract and retain its key personnel. The loss of the services of these persons may have a material adverse effect on the Issuer's business and prospects. The Issuer will compete with numerous other companies for the recruitment and retention of qualified employees and contractors. There is no assurance that the Issuer can maintain the service of its directors and officers or other qualified personnel required to operate its business. Failure to do so could have a material adverse effect on the Resulting Issuer and its prospects.

No Mineral Reserves

Mineral reserves are, in the large part, estimates and no assurance can be given that the anticipated tonnages and grades will be achieved or that the indicated level of recovery will be realized. Reserve estimates for properties that have not yet commenced production may require revision based on actual production experience. Market price fluctuations of metals, as well as increased production costs or reduced recovery rates may render mineral reserves containing relatively lower grades of mineralization uneconomic and may ultimately result in a restatement of reserves. Moreover, short-term operating factors relating to the mineral reserves, such as the need for orderly development of the ore bodies and the processing of new or different mineral grades may cause a mining operation to be unprofitable in any particular accounting period.

Environmental Risks

The Issuer's exploration and appraisal programs will, in general, be subject to approval by regulatory bodies. Additionally, all phases of the mining business present environmental risks and hazards and are subject to environmental regulation pursuant to a variety of international conventions and state and municipal laws and regulations. Environmental legislation provides for, among other things, restrictions and prohibitions on spills, releases or emissions of various substances produced in association with mining operations. The legislation also requires that wells and facility sites be operated, maintained, abandoned and reclaimed to the satisfaction of applicable regulatory authorities. Compliance with such legislation can require significant expenditures and a breach may result in the imposition of fines and penalties, some of which may be material. Environmental legislation is evolving in a manner expected to result in stricter standards and enforcement, larger fines and liability and potentially increased capital expenditures and operating costs.

Governmental Regulations and Licenses and Permits

The activities of the Issuer are subject to provincial and federal approvals, various laws governing prospecting, development, land resumptions, production taxes, labour standards and occupational health including potential Covid restrictions, mine safety, toxic substances and other matters. Although the Issuer believes that its activities are currently

carried out in accordance with all applicable rules and regulations, no assurance can be given that new rules and regulations will not be enacted or that existing rules and regulations will not be applied in a manner which could limit or curtail production or development. Amendments to current laws and regulations governing operations and activities of exploration and mining, or more stringent implementation thereof, could have a material adverse impact on the business, operations and financial performance of the Issuer. Further, the licenses and permits issued in respect of its projects may be subject to conditions which, if not satisfied, may lead to the revocation of such licenses. In the event of revocation, the value of the Issuer's investments in such projects may decline.

Local Resident Concerns

Apart from ordinary environmental issues, work on, or the development and mining of the Property could be subject to resistance from local residents that could either prevent or delay exploration and development of the Property.

Conflicts of Interest

Certain of the directors and officers of the Issuer will be engaged in, and will continue to engage in, other business activities on their own behalf and on behalf of other companies (including mineral resource companies) and, as a result of these and other activities, such directors and officers of the Issuer may become subject to conflicts of interest. The Alberta Corporations Act ("**ABCA**") provides that in the event that a director has a material interest in a contract or proposed contract or agreement that is material to the Issuer, the director shall disclose his interest in such contract or agreement and shall refrain from voting on any matter in respect of such contract or agreement, subject to and in accordance with the ABCA. To the extent that conflicts of interest arise, such conflicts will be resolved in accordance with the provisions of the ABCA.

Uninsurable Risks

Exploration, development and production operations on mineral properties involve numerous risks, including unexpected or unusual geological operating conditions, rock bursts, cave-ins, fires, floods, earthquakes and other environmental occurrences. It is not always possible to obtain insurance against all such risks and the Issuer may decide not to insure against certain risks as a result of high premiums or other reasons. Should such liabilities arise, they could have an adverse impact on the Issuer's results of operations and financial condition and could cause a decline in the value of the Issuer Shares. The Issuer does not intend to maintain insurance against environmental risks.

Investor Relations Activities

The Company does not have any investor relations arrangements.

Financing Activities

Summary current year transactions

	Number of Shares	Price	Funds Raised
Private placement:	32,000,000	\$ 0.336	\$ 10,752,000
	7,838,000	\$ 0.285	\$ 2,233,830
	6,298,000	\$ 0.24	\$ 1,511,520
Stock options exercised:	1,050,000	\$ 0.06	\$ 63,000
	600,000	\$ 0.12	\$ 72,000
	850,000	\$ 0.23	\$ 195,500

Current year

Private placement

On March 14, 2025, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement consisting of (i) 32,000,000 common shares (the "**Premium FT Shares**"), which qualify as "**flow-through shares**" (within the meaning of subsection 66(15) of the Income Tax Act (Canada) (the "**Tax Act**"), at a price of \$0.336 per Premium FT Share, for gross proceeds of

\$10,752,000; (ii) 7,838,000 common shares (the "**FT Shares**"), which qualify as "**flow-through shares**" (within the meaning of subsection 66(15) of the Tax Act), at a price of \$0.285 per FT Share, for gross proceeds of \$2,233,830 and (iii) 6,298,000 common shares (the "**HD Shares**") at a price of \$0.24 per HD Share for gross proceeds of \$1,511,520, for aggregate gross proceeds to the Company of \$14,497,350 (the "**Offering**"). There were no warrants, finders fee or commissions issued for the Offering.

The Premium FT Shares, FT Shares and HD Shares were issued pursuant to applicable private placement exemptions and are subject to a hold period under Canadian securities laws expiring July 15, 2025. The Company will use the gross proceeds raised pursuant to the issuance of Premium FT Shares and FT Shares to incur (or be deemed to incur) eligible "Canadian exploration expenses" that qualify as "flow-through mining expenditures" (as both terms are defined in the Tax Act) related to the Company's projects in the Yukon (the "**Qualifying Expenditures**"), on or before December 31, 2026, and to renounce all the Qualifying Expenditures in favour of the subscribers of the Premium FT Shares and FT Shares effective December 31, 2025. The net proceeds raised pursuant to the issuance of the HD Shares will be used for general and administrative expenses.

Prior Year

On June 20th and June 21st, 2024, the Company completed a brokered private placement financing of \$14.3 million.

The Private Placement consisted of 23,150,000 LIFE flow-through shares ("**LIFE FT Shares**") at a price of \$0.38 per LIFE FT Share, 14,720,000 flow-through shares ("**FT Shares**") at a price of \$0.34 per FT Share and 1,850,000 common shares (which were not flow-through shares) ("**HD Shares**") at a price of \$0.27 per HD Share (together the "**Offering**") for gross proceeds of \$14,301,300.

Each LIFE FT Share and FT Shares were issued as a flow-through share within the meaning of the Income Tax Act (Canada). Proceeds from the sale of the LIFE FT Shares and FT Shares will be used to incur Canadian exploration expenses as defined in Subsection 66.1(6) of the Income Tax Act and flow-through mining expenditures as defined in Subsection 127(9) of the Income Tax Act. Such proceeds will be renounced to the subscribers with an effective date not later than December 31, 2024.

Subject to compliance with applicable regulatory requirements and in accordance with National Instrument 45-106 – Prospectus Exemptions ("**NI 45-106**"), LIFE FT Shares were purchased by residents in Canada and/or other qualifying jurisdictions pursuant to the listed issuer exemption and were free trading. The remaining shares were subject to the customary 4 month plus 1 day hold period.

Disclosure of Outstanding Share Data

Authorized and Issued capital stock:

a) As of September 30, 2025:

Unlimited number of:

- Unlimited Class A voting common shares
- Unlimited Class B non-voting, common shares
- Unlimited Preferred Shares

All issued shares are fully paid.

There were 377,429,649 Class A common shares issued and outstanding.

b) Options Outstanding:

At the end of the year ended September 30, 2025, the following share options were outstanding to directors, officers, employees and advisors:

	September 30, 2025		September 30, 2024	
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price
Stock options outstanding, beginning balance	25,674,900	\$ 0.32	23,549,900	\$ 0.28
Issued in Period	10,100,000	\$ 0.30	7,650,000	\$ 0.30
Exercised in Period	(2,500,000)	\$ 0.06	(4,200,000)	\$ 0.06
Cancelled/Expired in Period	(2,900,000)	\$ 0.28	(1,325,000)	\$ 0.28
Stock options outstanding, ending balance	30,374,900	\$ 0.33	25,674,900	\$ 0.32
Number of stock options exercisable	23,124,901	\$ 0.33	19,858,240	\$ 0.33

Details of the Company's outstanding stock options as at September 30, 2025 are as follows:

Number of options	Exercise price	Expiry Date	Number of options exercisable	Remaining life (Years)
900,000	\$0.23	December 9, 2025	900,000	0.19
2,300,000	\$0.24	May 11, 2026	2,300,000	0.61
2,699,900	\$0.32	December 16, 2026	2,699,900	1.21
400,000	\$0.40	February 24, 2027	400,000	1.40
425,000	\$0.45	September 7, 2027	425,000	1.94
1,300,000	\$0.45	December 21, 2027	1,300,000	2.22
500,000	\$0.32	September 11, 2028	500,000	2.95
5,400,000	\$0.30	December 13, 2028	5,400,000	3.21
750,000	\$0.31	June 3, 2029	500,000	3.68
400,000	\$0.22	September 24, 2029	266,667	3.99
2,100,000	\$0.21	December 5, 2029	700,000	4.18
1,100,000	\$0.25	February 24, 2030	366,667	4.41
1,000,000	\$0.65	September 3, 2030	-	4.93
5,500,000	\$0.45	December 21, 2032	5,500,000	7.23
5,600,000	\$0.21	December 5, 2034	1,866,667	9.19
30,374,900	\$0.32		23,124,901	4.68

Subsequent Events

• *Strategic Investor Financing*

On October 16, 2025, the Company completed a private placement with a strategic investor (the "back-end buyer"), with the offering consisting of (i) 23,700,000 common shares (the "**Special FT Shares**"), which qualify as "flow-through shares" (within the meaning of subsection 66(15) of the Income Tax Act (Canada) (the "**Tax Act**"), at a price of \$0.97 per Special FT Share, for gross proceeds of \$22,989,000; and (ii) 12,000,000 common shares at a price of \$0.70 per Share (the "**HD Shares**"), for gross proceeds of \$8,400,000 for aggregate gross proceeds to the Company of \$31,389,000 (the "**Offering**").

The Special FT Shares and HD Shares were issued pursuant to applicable private placement exemptions and are subject to a hold period under Canadian securities laws expiring February 16, 2026. The Special FT Shares were initially issued pursuant to the terms of a charity flow-through arrangement whereby their ownership was ultimately transferred to a different party, the back-end buyer, as non-flow through shares.

Alpayana S.A.C. acquired the HD Shares and was also the back-end buyer of the Special FT Shares.

• *Grant of Stock Options*

On November 13, 2025, 230,000 stock options exercisable at a price of \$0.91 per common share, vesting 1/3rd every six (6) months starting May 13, 2026 and expiring November 12, 2030, were granted.

On December 4, 2025, 5,060,000 stock options exercisable at a price of \$1.00 per common share, vesting 1/3rd every six (6) months starting June 5, 2026 and expiring December 4, 2030, were granted.

- ***Exercise of Stock Options***

Subsequent to September 30, 2025, 1,298,333 stock options were exercised for proceeds of \$348,750.

- ***Trail-Minto Claims Purchase***

On December 16, 2025 the Corporation acquired 228 quartz claims (the "Trail-Minto Claims") from Mayo Lake Minerals for a purchase price of \$1.0 million cash, subject to a 2% NSR, half (1.0%) of which the Company may repurchase for \$1.0 million at any time after closing. The Trail-Minto Claims are located contiguous to the AurMac and Nitra properties.